



## Houdini

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Select.

- Node-based, procedural 3D modelling, animation, and visual effects software
- Built-in dynamics solvers
- Volume simulation and rendering





![](_page_1_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Figure_1.jpeg)

## **OpenVDB** in Houdini

- First introduced in 12.5
- Integration with Houdini volume toolset
- Conversion to and from native volumes
  - 16<sup>3</sup> voxel tiles
  - Constant tile optimization
- VEX and Mantra support for VDB Volumes
- VDB specific SOPs from OpenVDB team
- Siggraph 2013 Course Slides
  - openvdb.org

![](_page_3_Figure_10.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Figure_11.jpeg)

## Higher Level OpenVDB Tools Clouds and Grooming

- Introduced in Houdini 13 and 14
- Shape construction
- Noise modulation
- Advection
- Rendering

![](_page_4_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_8.jpeg)

## Higher Level OpenVDB Tools Fluid and Grain Solvers

- Introduced in Houdini 14 and 15
- VDB operations throughout
- Sourcing data for simulation
- Accelerating simulation
- Post-processing simulation data

![](_page_5_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

## Accelerated Point Lookup Point Index Grid

- Partition points into voxels
  - . Uses Point Partitioner under the hood
- Store point indices in voxels
- Query arbitrary position against uniform radius particles
- Constant-time query returns iterator over particles in touched voxels
   Deterministic but not sorted
- Fast and memory efficient
- . "Gather" operation

![](_page_9_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_10.jpeg)

## Accelerated Point Lookup FLIP Solver Operations

Transfer particle velocity to simulation field
 Gas Particle To Field DOP

Build SDF representing fluid surface
 Gas Particle To SDF DOP

Calculate particle density in voxel
 Gas Particle Count DOP

Reseed voxels with too few / many particles
 Gas Seed Markers DOP

![](_page_10_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_10.jpeg)

## Accelerated Point Lookup Comparison to UT\_PointGrid

- Transfer velocity attribute to face-sampled vector field
- Dense configuration has all points at center
- Medium test is 93M points and 1200<sup>3</sup> voxels

![](_page_11_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_7.jpeg)

- particles and 2 substeps
- operations

![](_page_12_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Figure_0.jpeg)

- Almost 2X faster even for dense configurations
- Small difference in sparse vs dense for VDB

![](_page_13_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Figure_4.jpeg)

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![](_page_13_Figure_5.jpeg)

## Accelerated Point Lookup **PBD-based Grain Solver**

• VDB collisions

- •pgfind for neighbor lookup
  - Spatial lookup on CPU
  - Constraint loop on GPU
- VDB-based sandbox generation
- VDB-based particle activation

![](_page_14_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_10.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression

- Dense, native simulation data
- Sparse data as lossy post-process
- FLIP Particles
  - Primary simulation representation
    - Marker particles
    - Velocity and other attributes
  - . Surface detail
- Surface SDF and velocity volumes
  - Secondary simulation representation
  - FLIP pressure solve and advection
  - Secondary elements
    - Emission
    - Depth testing
    - Advection
  - . Fluid data "decompression"

![](_page_18_Picture_17.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_18.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_19.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression Example

- Uncompressed dense data set
- 11M Particles
   Tiny!
- 14M voxels in surface and vel
- 52 Gb for 240 frames
  Blosc compressed
- Playback 3.2 sec / frame

![](_page_19_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_9.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression Example

Lossy-compressed data set
1.3M particles (8x)
7M 16-bit voxels (4x)

8.5 Gb on disk (6x overall)

Playback 300 ms / frame (10x)
 Scrubbable

• Higher res / deeper = better ratios

•1B particles at 1.5 bytes per

![](_page_20_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_0.jpeg)

# FLIP Data Compression Steps . Volumes

- Native surface volume to narrow-band VDB
- Zero velocity field by backwards advection and convert to VDB
- Prune inactive voxels
- . Save as 16-bit floats

 Output packed particles + surface and velocity VDBs

### /obj/fluidtank\_fluid/fluidcompress1

Fluid Compress fluidcompress1

### Particles

Particle Separation

![](_page_22_Picture_10.jpeg)

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Cull Bandwidth Keep Attributes

![](_page_22_Figure_12.jpeg)

### Volumes

Limit Bandwidth Advection Time Advection CFL Min Speed

![](_page_22_Figure_15.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_17.jpeg)

## **FLIP Data Compression Compressed Output**

- 2K tiled Packed Primitives
- 300 ms / frame playback

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![](_page_23_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression Delayed Loading

- Meshed narrow-band surface and velocity VDBs
- Points never load from disk
- . 400 ms / frame playback
- VDB meshing and volume sampling

![](_page_24_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_8.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression Merge Distributed Slices

- Compressed FLIP data from several nodes
- Splice together for downstream operations
- •On save
  - Delete particles outside slice
  - Compress fluid
  - Zero and de-activate velocity
- On load
  - Merge particles
  - Union all surface SDFs
  - Combine all active regions of velocity
  - "Flatten All B into A"

![](_page_25_Figure_12.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression Load by Region

- 120M particle distributed sim
- ~12M particles compressed
- Spatial partition allows restricting loading to region
   Bounding box
  - . Camera
- Tune secondary elements
- Iterate over surfacing

### **# Particles Loaded = 3.04M**

![](_page_26_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_10.jpeg)

## FLIP Data Compression Where Are All My Particles?

- . Thin particle layer
- .700 ms / frame playback
- Deep secondary elements?
  - Aeration
  - Bubbles
- Surfacing?
- Reseed points with velocity anywhere within fluid

![](_page_27_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_11.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume Algorithm (VDB)

- Calculate hi-res narrow-band SDF of input
- Convert SDF to fog volume to activate interior 2.
- Copy active voxels to half-res, axis-aligned 3. background VDB
- Dilate active voxels by jitter scale
- Run multithreaded VEX over active voxels to 5. generate jittered points inside SDF

![](_page_28_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_9.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume Half-res Background VDB

Gives constant "jitter space"

- Sand emission
- Tricky to create, easy to remove

Control over multithreading

- Hi-res slow at ~1 point per voxel
- Better ~8 or even ~64

. for(i=0; i < ptspervox; i++)
{
 pos = @P + getjitter(@P, i);
 if(volumesample(pos) < 0)
 addpoint(pos);
 }</pre>

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![](_page_29_Picture_10.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume Whitewater Emission

- 1. FLIP particles as input
- 2. Hard cull on depth and velocity
- 3. Sample acceleration, vorticity, curvature from simulation fields
- 4. Map to emission probability
- 5. Cull zero emission

Reseeding needs to feed into step 3!

ୁକ୍ତ୍ White	water Source	e whitewate	rsource			- <b>*</b> H	, (i) (?)
Emission	Curvature	Accelera	Vorticity	Sources	Distribu	Visualiz	Cache
	Min Speed	1					
	Max Speed	3		[-			
		🎸 Reseed	Compresse	d Fluid			
		Limit B	/ Depth				
	Min Depth						
	Max Depth						
		🎸 Output	Points Only				
		Keep N	on-Emitting	Points			
		Remap	Speed				
Speed Rar	mp						
× +							
		Remap	Emission				
Emission I	Ramp						
× +							

![](_page_30_Picture_9.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume Whitewater Active Area

Map velocity to 0-1 fog (VDB Analysis)

Map culling depth and depth limit to 0-1 and combine with velocity (VDB Combine)

De-activate zero regions (VDB Activate)

![](_page_31_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_8.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume **Reseeding Active Area**

Generate points in active voxels (PointsFromVolume)

Sample velocity field (AttribFromVolume)

Feed into Whitewater emission criteria

![](_page_32_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_8.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume Sparse Example

- 80M particle adaptively distributed FLIP sim
- 10M particles compressed
  - Spliced with VDB ops
  - VEX-based high-order advection directly from VDB
  - Pockets of whitewater
  - Aeration important for look

![](_page_33_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_10.jpeg)

## Sparse Points From Volume Why Not VDB Scatter?

- Does not use standard VDB C++ scatter operator
- Specific point configurations Boundary oversampling Tetrahedral packing
- Purely constructive avoids data structure fragmentation

![](_page_34_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_6.jpeg)

- volume
- produces ridge artifacts

![](_page_35_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_0.jpeg)

## **VDB-based** Particle Activation

- Activation from nearby fastmoving neighbors (pgfind)
- Activation from dilated collision VDB (VDB Reshape SDF)
- Activation by castle volume (VDB From Polygons)
- Natural-looking activation from low-energy point configuration

![](_page_37_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Picture_8.jpeg)

## Surfacing

- Create high-quality polygonal mesh from compressed fluid input
- Provide filtering and morphological operations •
- Generate spatially varying masks to allow control over filtering
- Output adaptive polygon mesh
  - "Liquid in the Croods" Budsberg et al. •

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![](_page_38_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Figure_7.jpeg)

## Surfacing **Initial Surface**

- Create narrow-band SDF from particles
- VDB From Particle Fluid (H13)
  - Average Position
  - Ghost points
  - Less post-processing
  - Less control
- VDB From Particles
- Spherical •
- Scales very well
- Requires post-processing
- More control

![](_page_39_Picture_13.jpeg)

## Surfacing Union

Erode surface SDF by particle compression bandwidth VDB Reshape SDF •

Union with particle surface VDB Combine

Needs post-processing!

![](_page_40_Picture_5.jpeg)

## Surfacing **Spatially Varying Mask**

- Generate fog volume mask
  - Velocity
  - Vorticity

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- Collision proximity
  - User provided VDB
  - VDB Analysis •
- VDB Combine •

Use to modulate filtering

![](_page_41_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Picture_11.jpeg)

## Surfacing Morphological Ops and Filtering

![](_page_42_Figure_1.jpeg)

- "Close" operation •
- 2<sup>nd</sup> order smoothing •
- Stronger Final Smooth
  - Gaussian

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Usually masked

![](_page_42_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_9.jpeg)

## Surfacing **SDF Operations**

- Subtract Collisions
  - **VDB** Combine •
- Flatten edges at boundary
  - **VDB** Combine •
  - VDB Morph

![](_page_43_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_9.jpeg)

## Surfacing Adaptive Polygonal Mesh

- Fewer polygons at low curvature
- Reduced memory and rendering requirements
  - Additional level of smoothing

![](_page_44_Picture_5.jpeg)

## Surfacing Adaptive Polygonal Mesh

- Fewer polygons at low curvature
- Reduced memory and rendering requirements
  - Additional level of smoothing

![](_page_45_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Figure_0.jpeg)